

$$\chi^{(n)}(t) = e^{-t} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{1!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^2 + \cdots + \frac{1}{\left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right)!} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \right\} \cdots \textcircled{3}$$

(2) n が奇数 ($n \geq 3$, $n=1$ のときは省略) の場合 ②の

$$\begin{aligned} \text{分子} &= \int_0^{\frac{t}{2}} x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} e^{-x} dx \\ &= -e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}-1} - \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}-2} - \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) \left(\frac{n}{2}-2\right) e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}-3} \\ &\quad - \cdots - \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) \left(\frac{n}{2}-2\right) \cdots \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) \left(\frac{n}{2}-2\right) \cdots \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{t}{2}} e^{-x} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{分母} &= \int_0^{\infty} x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} e^{-x} dx \\ &= \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) \left(\frac{n}{2}-2\right) \cdots \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ &= \left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right) \left(\frac{n}{2}-2\right) \cdots \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \chi_n^{(n)}(t) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\frac{t}{2}} e^{-x} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left\{ 2 + \frac{2 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 3} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^2 + \cdots + \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdots 2}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdots (n-2)} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{n-3}{2}} \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\frac{t}{2}} e^{-x} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-t} \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left\{ 1 + \frac{t}{1 \cdot 3} + \frac{t^2}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} + \cdots \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \cdots + \frac{t^{\frac{n-3}{2}}}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdots (n-2)} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

ここで, $I = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\frac{t}{2}} e^{-x} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$ において,

$$\begin{array}{l} x = \frac{u^2}{2} \text{ とおくと } x^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{u} \\ \begin{array}{l} x \mid 0 \rightarrow \frac{t}{2} \\ u \mid 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{t} \end{array} \quad dx = u du \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore I &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\sqrt{t}} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{u} \cdot u du \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{\sqrt{t}} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du \end{aligned}$$

よって,